Montana Drug Court Conference
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Tribal 10 Key Components: What Montana Drug Courts Can Learn From Tribal Healing to Wellness Courts

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Wellness Courts are Models of Justice Because They:
(i.e., we can learn from them):

- Advance a Less-Adversarial Adjudication process.
- Advocate a Team Approach (inter/intra governmental cooperation & collaboration)
- Apply Intensive/Comprehensive/Holistic Case Management
- Are Alternatives to Detention
- Activate Community & Nation Building Energy (Exercise of Sovereignty)
- Assist in Human Capital Develop (Healing of People - Ochher Ground & Core)
- Address the Root of Conflict/Controversy/Contention
- Appreciate - Accentuate Our Past/Present/Possibility
Using a non-adversarial approach, prosecution and defense counsel promote public safety while protecting participants' due process rights.

**State Key Component 4:**
Drug Courts provide access to a continuum of alcohol, drug, and other related treatment and rehabilitation services.

**State Key Component 5:**
Abstinence is monitored by frequent alcohol and other drug testing.

**State Key Component 6:**
Eligible participants are identified early and promptly placed in the drug court program.
State Key Component #6: A coordinated strategy governs drug court responses to participants' compliance.

State Key Component #7: On-going judicial interaction with each drug court participant is essential.

State Key Component #8: Monitoring and evaluation measures the achievement of program goals and gauge effectiveness.

State Key Component #9: Continuing interdiscipline education promotes effective drug court program effectiveness.